

 **STATIVE VERBS LIST (WITH HINDI MEANING, EXAMPLE & “-ING FORM” USE)**

Verb	Hindi Meaning	Example	Is “-ing” Form Used?	Note
have	पास होना	I have a car.	✗ No	“Having” only when “eating/experiencing”: I’m having lunch.
own	मालिक होना	She owns a house.	✗ No	Never used in continuous.
possess	अधिकार रखना	They possess great power.	✗ No	Always simple form.
belong	संबंधित होना	This book belongs to me.	✗ No	Never progressive.
consist of	से बना होना	The team consists of ten.	✗ No	Always stative.
include	शामिल करना	The syllabus includes poetry.	✗ No	Continuous form incorrect.
contain	समाहित करना	The box contains books.	✗ No	Never used in continuous.
love	प्यार करना	I love my parents.	✗ No	Continuous only for emotion exaggeration: I’m loving it.
hate	नफरत करना	She hates lies.	✗ No	Continuous only in informal speech.
like	पसंद करना	I like mangoes.	✗ No	Same rule as “love.”
dislike	नापसंद करना	He dislikes noise.	✗ No	Never progressive.
prefer	प्राथमिकता देना	I prefer tea.	✗ No	Never continuous.
adore	बहुत प्यार करना	She adores her kids.	✗ No	Always stative.
desire	इच्छा करना	They desire peace.	✗ No	Always stative.

Verb	Hindi Meaning	Example	Is “-ing” Form Used?	Note
appreciate	सराहना करना	I appreciate your help.	✗ No	Never continuous.
fear	डरना	He fears failure.	✗ No	Never progressive.
envy	ईर्ष्या करना	She envies her friend.	✗ No	Always simple form.
know	जानना	I know the truth.	✗ No	“Knowing” only for “being familiar” in rare poetic sense.
believe	विश्वास करना	She believes in honesty.	✗ No	Never progressive.
remember	याद रखना	Do you remember him?	✗ No	Never progressive.
forget	भूलना	I forgot my keys.	✗ No	Never continuous.
understand	समझना	I understand the concept.	✗ No	Never continuous.
suppose	मान लेना	I suppose you’re right.	✗ No	Always simple form.
imagine	कल्पना करना	I imagine success.	✗ No	Progressive used only if thinking vividly: I’m imagining a scene.
mean	मतलब होना	What does this mean?	✗ No	Never continuous.
realize	एहसास होना	I realize my mistake.	✗ No	Never continuous.
doubt	संदेह करना	I doubt his words.	✗ No	Never continuous.
think (opinion)	सोचना	I think she’s honest.	✗ No	But “I’m thinking” = process.
see (perceive)	देखना	I see a bird.	✗ No	“I’m seeing” = meeting someone.
hear	सुनना	I hear music.	✗ No	Never progressive.

Verb	Hindi Meaning	Example	Is “-ing” Form Used?	Note
smell	सूंघना	This flower smells good.	✗ No	“Smelling” = action of sniffing.
taste	स्वाद लगना	The soup tastes nice.	✗ No	“Tasting” = action of trying.
feel (emotion)	महसूस करना	I feel tired.	✗ No	“Feeling” = touching/checking.
sound	सुनाई देना	It sounds beautiful.	✗ No	Always stative.
appear (seem)	प्रतीत होना	She appears tired.	✗ No	“Appearing” = performing.
look (seem)	दिखना	You look great.	✗ No	“Looking” = watching.
seem	लगना	It seems fine.	✗ No	Always stative.
depend	निर्भर होना	Success depends on effort.	✗ No	Never continuous.
weigh (measurement)	वजन होना	The bag weighs 5kg.	✗ No	“Weighing” = action of measuring.
cost	कीमत होना	It costs ₹500.	✗ No	Never continuous.
owe	ऋणी होना	I owe him ₹200.	✗ No	Always stative.
resemble	समान होना	She resembles her mom.	✗ No	Always stative.
fit	फिट होना	These jeans fit me.	✗ No	“Fitting” = putting into place.
need	ज़रूरत होना	I need help.	✗ No	Never continuous.
matter	मायने रखना	It doesn't matter.	✗ No	Always stative.
exist	अस्तित्व में होना	Ghosts don't exist.	✗ No	Never continuous.
be (nature)	होना	She is kind.	✗ No	“Being” = behaving temporarily.
want	चाहना	I want to leave.	✗ No	Never continuous.

Verb	Hindi Meaning	Example	Is “-ing” Form Used?	Note
resemble	समान दिखना	The twin resembles his brother.	✗ No	Always stative.
own	मालिक होना	I own this car.	✗ No	Never continuous.

✔ **Summary Rule for ING Column:**

- If the **verb expresses a condition or mental state**, **never use “-ing.”**
- If it expresses an **action or experience**, you **can** use “-ing.”

Example:

- I think you’re right. (stative)
- I’m thinking about my future. (dynamic)